Quarterly Consolidated Financial Statements of

CANADA PENSION PLAN INVESTMENT BOARD

December 31, 2011

(unaudited)

Consolidated Balance Sheet

As at December 31, 2011

(Unaudited)

(\$ millions)	Decer	mber 31, 2011	<u>N</u>	March 31, 2011	Dece	mber 31, 2010
ASSETS						
Investments (note 3)	\$	161,245	\$	152,933	\$	143,894
Amounts receivable from pending trades		89		1,085		179
Premises and equipment		51		43		31
Other assets		31		15		20
TOTAL ASSETS		161,416		154,076		144,124
LIABILITIES						
Investment liabilities (note 3)		7,910		4,046		3,450
Amounts payable from pending trades		503		1,675		476
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		189		159		96
TOTAL LIABILITIES		8,602		5,880		4,022
NET ASSETS	\$	152,814	\$	148,196	\$	140,102
NET ASSETS, REPRESENTED BY						
Share capital (note 5)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_
Accumulated net income from operations	•	42,744	-	39,791	•	35,130
Accumulated net transfers from the Canada Pension						
Plan (note 6)		110,070		108,405		104,972
NET ASSETS	\$	152,814	\$	148,196	\$	140,102

Consolidated Statement of Net Income and Accumulated Net Income from Operations

For the three and nine-month periods ended December 31, 2011 (Unaudited)

(\$ millions)	 Three-r Dec	nonth		 Nine-months ended December 31						
	 2011	_	2010	 2011		2010				
NET INVESTMENT INCOME (note 7)	\$ 3,177	\$	4,001	\$ 3,272	\$	10,776				
OPERATING EXPENSES										
Personnel costs	74		49	216		132				
General operating expenses	29		22	80		60				
Professional services	10		5	23		15				
	113		76	319		207				
NET INCOME FROM OPERATIONS	3,064		3,925	2,953		10,569				
ACCUMULATED NET INCOME FROM OPERATIONS, BEGINNING OF PERIOD	39,680		31,205	39,791		24,561				
ACCUMULATED NET INCOME FROM OPERATIONS, END OF PERIOD	\$ 42,744	\$	35,130	\$ 42,744	\$	35,130				

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Assets For the three and nine-month periods ended December 31, 2011 (Unaudited)

	Three-mon			Nine-months ended						
	 Decem	ber 31		 Decem	iber 31					
(\$ millions)	 2011	-	2010	2011		2010				
NET ASSETS, BEGINNING OF PERIOD	\$ 152,294	\$	138,622	\$ 148,196	\$	127,630				
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS										
Canada Pension Plan transfers (note 6)										
Transfers from the Canada Pension Plan	4,693		4,056	22,407		21,473				
Transfers to the Canada Pension Plan	(7,237)		(6,501)	(20,742)		(19,570)				
Net income from operations	3,064		3,925	2,953		10,569				
INCREASE IN NET ASSETS FOR THE PERIOD	520		1,480	4,618		12,472				
NET ASSETS, END OF PERIOD	\$ 152,814	\$	140,102	\$ 152,814	\$	140,102				

Consolidated Statement of Investment Portfolio

As at December 31, 2011

(Unaudited)

The CPP Investment Board's investments are grouped by asset class based on the risk/return characteristics of the investment strategies of the underlying portfolios. The investments, before allocating derivative contracts, associated money market securities and other investment receivables and liabilities to the asset classes to which they relate, are as follows:

				Fair Value		
(\$ millions)	Decen	nber 31, 2011		March 31, 2011	Dece	mber 31, 2010
EQUITIES (note 3a)	_	_				
Canada						
Public equities	\$	7,318	\$	8,864	\$	8,365
Private equities		1,702		1,397		1,357
		9,020		10,261		9,722
Foreign developed markets						
Public equities		20,914		23,342		23,000
Private equities		21,989		20,349		19,045
		42,903		43,691		42,045
Emerging markets						
Public equities		5,746		5,776		5,371
Private equities		1,292		967		819
		7,038		6,743		6,190
TOTAL EQUITIES		58,961		60,695		57,957
FIXED INCOME (note 3b)						
Bonds		37,680		37,208		34,215
Other debt		8,756		6,008		5,751
Money market securities		20,062		17,625		16,552
TOTAL FIXED INCOME		66,498		60,841		56,518
ABSOLUTE RETURN STRATEGIES (note 3c)		6,321		4,464		3,664
INFLATION-SENSITIVE ASSETS (note 3d)						
Private real estate		17,312		12,829		10,720
Infrastructure		8,498		9,404		9,452
Inflation-linked bonds		1,826		299		223
TOTAL INFLATION-SENSITIVE ASSETS		27,636		22,532		20,395
INVESTMENT RECEIVABLES						
Securities purchased under reverse repurchase				2.500		2.500
agreements (note 3e) Accrued interest		539		2,500 657		3,500 525
Derivative receivables (note 3f)				1,117		1,248
Dividends receivable		1,216 74		1,117		1,248
TOTAL INVESTMENT RECEIVABLES		1,829		4,401		5,360
TOTAL INVESTMENTS TOTAL INVESTMENTS	\$	161,245	\$	152,933	\$	143,894
INVESTMENT LIABILITIES	Ψ	101,243	Ψ	132,733	Ψ	143,074
Securities sold short (note 3g)		(2,621)		_		_
Debt financing liabilities (note 3h)		(1,434)		(1,394)		(1,302)
Debt on private real estate properties (note 3d)		(2,840)		(1,969)		(1,482)
Derivative liabilities (note 3f)		(1,015)		(683)		(666)
TOTAL INVESTMENT LIABILITIES		(7,910)		(4,046)		(3,450)
Amounts receivable from pending trades		89		1,085		179
Amounts payable from pending trades		(503)		(1,675)		(476)
NET INVESTMENTS	\$	152,921	\$	148,297	\$	140,147

Consolidated Statement of Investment Asset Mix

As at December 31, 2011

(Unaudited)

This Consolidated Statement of Investment Asset Mix is grouped by asset class based on the risk/return characteristics of the investment strategies of the underlying portfolios. The investments, after allocating derivative contracts, associated money market securities and other investment receivables and liabilities to the asset classes to which they relate, are as follows:

	December 3	31, 2011	March 31	, 2011	December 31, 2010					
(\$ millions)	Fair Value	(%)	Fair Value	(%)	Fair Value	(%)				
EQUITIES										
Canada	\$ 18,734	12.3 %	\$ 20,952	14.1 %	\$ 20,336	14.5 %				
Foreign developed markets	51,285	33.5	50,798	34.3	47,904	34.2				
Emerging markets	7,456	4.9	7,619	5.1	7,035	5.0				
	77,475	50.7	79,369	53.5	75,275	53.7				
FIXED INCOME										
Bonds	38,650	25.2	37,601	25.3	34,306	24.5				
Other debt	8,718	5.7	6,073	4.1	5,824	4.2				
Money market securities ¹	2,464	1.6	2,355	1.6	3,411	2.4				
Debt financing liabilities	(1,434)	(0.9)	(1,394)	(0.9)	(1,302)	(0.9)				
	48,398	31.6	44,635	30.1	42,239	30.2				
INFLATION-SENSITIVE ASSETS										
Real estate ²	14,472	9.5	10,860	7.3	9,236	6.6				
Infrastructure	8,588	5.6	9,479	6.4	9,539	6.8				
Inflation-linked bonds	3,988	2.6	3,954	2.7	3,858	2.7				
	27,048	17.7	24,293	16.4	22,633	16.1				
NET INVESTMENTS	\$ 152,921	100 %	\$ 148,297	100 %	\$ 140,147	100 %				

¹Includes absolute return strategies.

²Net of debt on private real estate properties, as described more fully in note 3d.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the three and nine-month periods ended December 31, 2011 (Unaudited)

CORPORATE INFORMATION

The Canada Pension Plan Investment Board (the "CPP Investment Board") was established in December 1997 pursuant to the *Canada Pension Plan Investment Board Act* (the "Act"). The CPP Investment Board is a federal Crown corporation, all of the shares of which are owned by Her Majesty the Queen in right of Canada. The CPP Investment Board is responsible for assisting the Canada Pension Plan (the "CPP") in meeting its obligations to contributors and beneficiaries under the *Canada Pension Plan*. It is responsible for managing amounts that are transferred to it under Section 108.1 of the *Canada Pension Plan* in the best interests of CPP beneficiaries and contributors. The CPP Investment Board received its first funds for investing purposes from the CPP in March 1999. The CPP Investment Board's assets are to be invested in accordance with the Act, regulations and the investment policies with a view to achieving a maximum rate of return without undue risk of loss, having regard to the factors that may affect the funding of the CPP and the ability of the CPP to meet its financial obligations on any given business day.

The CPP Investment Board and its wholly-owned subsidiaries are exempt from Part I tax under paragraphs 149(1)(d) and 149(1)(d.2) of the *Income Tax Act (Canada)* on the basis that all of the shares of the CPP Investment Board and its subsidiaries are owned by Her Majesty the Queen in right of Canada or by a corporation whose shares are owned by Her Majesty the Queen in right of Canada, respectively.

The Consolidated Financial Statements provide information on the net assets managed by the CPP Investment Board and do not include the pension liabilities of the CPP. The CPP Investment Board has a fiscal year end of March 31.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Basis of Presentation

These interim Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") and the requirements of the Act and the accompanying regulations. These interim financial statements follow the same accounting policies and methods of computation as the March 31, 2011 annual Consolidated Financial Statements. These interim Consolidated Financial Statements do not include all of the information and note disclosures required by GAAP for annual financial statements and therefore should be read in conjunction with the March 31, 2011 annual Consolidated Financial Statements. These interim Consolidated Financial Statements include all adjustments which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair presentation of the results of the interim period presented.

These interim Consolidated Financial Statements present the consolidated financial position and results of operations of the CPP Investment Board, its wholly-owned subsidiaries and the proportionate share of the fair value of assets, liabilities and operations of privately held real estate investments in joint ventures. The CPP Investment Board qualifies as an Investment Company in accordance with Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants Accounting Guideline 18, *Investment Companies*, and accordingly, the CPP Investment Board reports its investments at fair value. Inter-company transactions and balances have been eliminated in preparing these interim Consolidated Financial Statements.

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform with the current-period financial statement presentation.

(b) Valuation of Investments, Investment Receivables and Investment Liabilities

Investments, investment receivables and investment liabilities are recorded on a trade date basis and are stated at fair value. Fair value is an estimate of the amount of consideration that would be agreed upon in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable, willing parties who are under no compulsion to act

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the three and nine-month periods ended December 31, 2011 (Unaudited)

In an active market, fair value is best evidenced by an independent quoted market price. In the absence of an active market, fair value is determined by valuation techniques that make maximum use of inputs observed from markets. These valuation techniques include using recent arm's length market transactions, if available, or current fair value of another investment that is substantially the same, discounted cash flow analysis, pricing models and other accepted industry valuation methods.

Fair value is determined as follows:

- (i) Fair value for publicly-traded equities, including equity short positions, is based on quoted market prices. Where market prices are not available or reliable, such as for those securities that are not sufficiently liquid, fair value is determined using accepted industry valuation methods.
- (ii) Fair value for fund investments is generally based on the net asset value as reported by the external managers of the funds or other accepted industry valuation methods.
- (iii) Private equity and infrastructure investments are either held directly or through ownership in limited partnership arrangements. The fair value for investments held directly is determined using accepted industry valuation methods. These methods include considerations such as earnings multiples of comparable publicly-traded companies, discounted cash flows using current market yields of instruments with similar characteristics and third party transactions, or other events which would suggest a change in the value of the investment. In the case of investments held through a limited partnership, fair value is generally determined based on relevant information reported by the General Partner using similar accepted industry valuation methods.
- (iv) Fair value for marketable bonds is based on quoted market prices. Where the market price is not available, fair value is calculated using discounted cash flows based on current market yields of instruments with similar characteristics.
- (v) Fair value for non-marketable Canadian government bonds is calculated using discounted cash flows based on current market yields of instruments with similar characteristics, adjusted for the non-marketability and rollover provisions of the bonds.
- (vi) Fair value for direct investments in private debt and asset-backed securities is calculated using quoted market prices or accepted industry valuation methods such as discounted cash flows based on current market yields of instruments with similar characteristics.
- (vii) Money market securities are recorded at cost, which, together with accrued interest income, approximates fair value due to the short-term nature of these securities.
- (viii) Fair value for private real estate investments is determined using accepted industry valuation methods, such as discounted cash flows and comparable purchase and sales transactions. Debt on private real estate investments is valued using discounted cash flows based on current market yields for instruments with similar characteristics.
- (ix) Fair value for inflation-linked bonds is based on quoted market prices.
- (x) Fair value for intellectual property investments is determined using accepted industry valuation methods, such as discounted cash flows based on current market yields of instruments with similar characteristics, or other events which would suggest a change in the value of the investment.
- (xi) Fair value for exchange-traded derivatives, which includes futures, options and warrants, is based on quoted market prices. Fair value for over-the-counter derivatives, which includes swaps, options, forward contracts and warrants, is determined based on the quoted market prices of the underlying instruments where available. Otherwise, fair value is based on other accepted industry valuation methods using inputs such as equity prices and indices, broker quotations, market

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the three and nine-month periods ended December 31, 2011 (Unaudited)

volatilities, currency exchange rates, current market interest rate yields, credit spreads and other market-based pricing factors. In determining fair value, consideration is also given to liquidity risk and the credit risk of the counterparty.

(xii) Debt financing liabilities are recorded at the amount originally issued, which, together with accrued interest expense, approximates fair value due to the short-term nature of these liabilities.

(c) Securities Purchased under Reverse Repurchase Agreements

Securities purchased under reverse repurchase agreements represent the purchase of securities effected with a simultaneous agreement to sell them back at a specified price at a specified future date and are accounted for as an investment receivable. These securities are not recognized as an investment of the CPP Investment Board. The fair value of securities to be resold under these reverse repurchase agreements is monitored and additional collateral is obtained when appropriate to protect against credit exposure (see note 3i). In the event of counterparty default, the CPP Investment Board has the right to liquidate the collateral held. Reverse repurchase agreements are carried on the Consolidated Statement of Investment Portfolio at the amounts at which the securities were initially acquired. Interest earned on reverse repurchase agreements is included in investment income (see note 7).

(d) Securities Sold Short

Securities sold short represent securities sold, but not owned, by the CPP Investment Board. The CPP Investment Board has an obligation to cover these short positions which are accounted for as an investment liability based on the fair value of the securities sold. Collateral is pledged to the counterparty, when appropriate (see note 3i). Interest and dividend expense on securities sold short are included in investment income (see note 7).

(e) Future Accounting Policy Change

International Financial Reporting Standards

In February 2008, the Canadian Accounting Standards Board ("AcSB") confirmed that Canadian GAAP for publicly accountable enterprises will be replaced with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") effective for interim and annual periods commencing April 1, 2011. Subsequently, the AcSB granted investment companies an optional two-year deferral from the requirement to adopt IFRS. In December 2011, the AcSB extended this deferral by an additional year.

The three-year deferral provides the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") time to complete its consolidation project. As part of this project, the IASB issued an exposure draft in August 2011 entitled "Investment Entities" which would allow investment entities in Canada to continue to measure all investments at fair value, including those in controlled entities. The impact of this exposure draft is not yet determinable. The CPP Investment Board will defer the adoption of IFRS until April 1, 2014.

The CPP Investment Board has developed an IFRS conversion plan and has identified the major differences between existing Canadian GAAP and IFRS. As IFRS continues to change, the impact these differences will have on CPP Investment Board's operations, financial position and results of operations is not yet determinable. The CPP Investment Board continues to monitor developments and changes to IFRS and is on schedule to meet the timelines established in its IFRS conversion plan.

2. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

(a) The following shows investments and investment liabilities recognized at fair value, analyzed between those whose fair value is based on:

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the three and nine-month periods ended December 31, 2011 (Unaudited)

- Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1);
- Those involving inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices) (Level 2); and
- Those with inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (non-observable inputs) (Level 3).

(6. 11)	Basis of Fair Value Determination As at December 31, 2011										
(\$ millions)		Level 1	As at Do	Level 2	2011	Level 3		Total			
INVESTMENTS		Level 1		LCVCI 2		Level 3		Total			
EQUITIES											
Canada											
Public equities	\$	7,313	\$	-	\$	5	\$	7,318			
Private equities		•		-		1,702		1,702			
		7,313		-		1,707		9,020			
Foreign developed markets		10.707		1 700		420		20.014			
Public equities ¹ Private equities		18,706 949		1,780		428 21,040		20,914 21,989			
1 iivate equities		19,655		1,780		21,468		42,903			
Emerging markets		17,000		1,700		21,400		42,703			
Public equities ¹		5,403		343		-		5,746			
Private equities		•		-		1,292		1,292			
		5,403		343		1,292		7,038			
TOTAL EQUITIES		32,371		2,123		24,467		58,961			
FIXED INCOME											
Bonds		14,056		23,624		-		37,680			
Other debt		-		3,111		5,645		8,756			
Money market securities		-		20,062		-		20,062			
TOTAL FIXED INCOME		14,056		46,797		5,645		66,498			
ABSOLUTE RETURN STRATEGIES		-		2,960		3,361		6,321			
INFLATION-SENSITIVE ASSETS											
Private real estate		-		-		17,312		17,312			
Infrastructure		170		-		8,328		8,498			
Inflation-linked bonds		1,826		-		-		1,826			
TOTAL INFLATION-SENSITIVE ASSETS		1,996		-		25,640		27,636			
INVESTMENT RECEIVABLES											
Securities purchased under reverse repurchase											
agreements		-		-		-		- -			
Accrued interest Derivative receivables		78		539 1,133		5		539 1,216			
Dividends receivable		-		1,133 74		-		74			
TOTAL INVESTMENT RECEIVABLES		78		1,746		5		1,829			
TOTAL INVESTMENTS		48,501		53,626		59,118		161,245			
		10,001		00,020		0,,110		101,210			
INVESTMENT LIABILITIES		(2 (21)						(2 (21)			
Securities sold short Debt financing liabilities		(2,621)		(1,434)		-		(2,621) (1,434)			
Debt on private real estate properties		-		(2,840)		-		(2,840)			
Derivative liabilities		(72)		(938)		(5)		(1,015)			
TOTAL INVESTMENT LIABILITIES		(2,693)		(5,212)		(5)		(7,910)			
Amounts receivable from pending trades		-		89		-		89			
Amounts payable from pending trades		-		(503)		-		(503)			
NET INVESTMENTS	\$	45,808	\$	48,000	\$	59,113	\$	152,921			

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the three and nine-month periods ended December 31, 2011 (Unaudited)

Transfers Between Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3

There were no significant transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 during the nine-month period ended December 31, 2011.

During the nine-month period ended December 31, 2011, Level 3 investments increased by \$8.5 billion primarily due to private real estate purchases of \$4.6 billion, related gains of \$0.7 billion, reduced by sales of \$0.7 billion, and private equities purchases of \$4.0 billion, related gains of \$1.5 billion, reduced by sales of \$3.2 billion. There were no significant transfers in or out of Level 3.

(0,;11;)	Ba		ir Value Dete		on	
(\$ millions)	Level 1	As a	t March 31, 20 Level 2	JII	Level 3	Total
INVESTMENTS	Level 1		Ec (c) 2		Level 3	10141
EQUITIES						
Canada						
Public equities	\$ 8,859	\$	-	\$	5	\$ 8,864
Private equities	8.859		-		1,397 1.402	1,397
Foreign developed markets	8,839				1,402	10,261
Public equities ¹	20,840		2,001		501	23,342
Private equities	845		-		19,504	20,349
	21,685		2,001		20,005	43,691
Emerging markets						
Public equities ¹	5,614		162		-	5,776
Private equities					967	967
	5,614		162		967	6,743
TOTAL EQUITIES	36,158		2,163		22,374	60,695
FIXED INCOME						
Bonds	15,768		21,440		-	37,208
Other debt	-		1,727		4,281	6,008
Money market securities	-		17,625		-	17,625
TOTAL FIXED INCOME	15,768		40,792		4,281	60,841
ABSOLUTE RETURN STRATEGIES	-		1,686		2,778	4,464
INFLATION-SENSITIVE ASSETS						
Private real estate	-		_		12,829	12,829
Infrastructure	1,082		-		8,322	9,404
Inflation-linked bonds	299		-		_	299
TOTAL INFLATION-SENSITIVE ASSETS	1,381		-		21,151	22,532
INVESTMENT RECEIVABLES						
Securities purchased under reverse repurchase						
agreements	-		2,500		-	2,500
Accrued interest	-		657		-	657
Derivative receivables	170		914		33	1,117
Dividends receivable	-		127		-	127
TOTAL INVESTMENT RECEIVABLES	170		4,198		33	4,401
TOTAL INVESTMENTS	53,477		48,839		50,617	152,933
INVESTMENT LIABILITIES						
Securities sold short	-		-		-	-
Debt financing liabilities	-		(1,394)		-	(1,394)
Debt on private real estate properties	-		(1,969)		-	(1,969)
Derivative liabilities	(35)		(648)		-	(683)
TOTAL INVESTMENT LIABILITIES	 (35)		(4,011)			 (4,046)
Amounts receivable from pending trades	 -		1,085			 1,085
Amounts payable from pending trades	-		(1,675)		-	(1,675)
NET INVESTMENTS	\$ 53,442	\$	44,238	\$	50,617	\$ 148,297

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the three and nine-month periods ended December 31, 2011 (Unaudited)

-		Bas		r Value Deter		on		
(\$ millions)			As at D	ecember 31,	2010			
INVESTMENTS		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Total
EQUITIES Canada								
Public equities	\$	8,363	\$	_	\$	2	\$	8,365
Private equities	φ	6,505	φ	_	φ	1,357	φ	1,357
Titvate equities		8,363		_		1,359		9,722
Foreign developed markets		0,000				-,,,,,		-,,
Public equities ¹		20,665		1,861		474		23,000
Private equities		711		-		18,334		19,045
		21,376		1,861		18,808		42,045
Emerging markets								
Public equities ¹		5,213		158		-		5,371
Private equities		-		-		819		819
		5,213		158		819		6,190
TOTAL EQUITIES		34,952		2,019		20,986		57,957
FIXED INCOME								
Bonds		12,215		22,000		_		34,215
Other debt		,		1,967		3,784		5,751
Money market securities		-		16,552		-		16,552
TOTAL FIXED INCOME		12,215		40,519		3,784		56,518
ABSOLUTE RETURN STRATEGIES		-		1,070		2,594		3,664
INFLATION-SENSITIVE ASSETS								
Private real estate		-		-		10,720		10,720
Infrastructure		1,075		-		8,377		9,452
Inflation-linked bonds		223		-		-		223
TOTAL INFLATION-SENSITIVE ASSETS		1,298		-		19,097		20,395
INVESTMENT RECEIVABLES								
Securities purchased under reverse repurchase agreements		-		3,500		-		3,500
Accrued interest		-		525		-		525
Derivative receivables		221		967		60		1,248
Dividends receivable		-		87		-		87
TOTAL INVESTMENT RECEIVABLES		221		5,079		60		5,360
TOTAL INVESTMENTS		48,686		48,687		46,521		143,894
INVESTMENT LIABILITIES								
Securities sold short		_		-		-		-
Debt financing liabilities		-		(1,302)		-		(1,302)
Debt on private real estate properties		-		(1,482)		-		(1,482)
Derivative liabilities		(15)		(651)		-		(666)
TOTAL INVESTMENT LIABILITIES		(15)		(3,435)		-		(3,450)
Amounts receivable from pending trades		-		179		-		179
Amounts payable from pending trades		-		(476)		-		(476)
NET INVESTMENTS	\$	48,671	\$	44,955	\$	46,521	\$	140,147

¹ Includes investments in funds.

Transfers Between Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3

There were no significant transfers between Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 during the nine-month period ended December 31, 2010.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the three and nine-month periods ended December 31, 2011 (Unaudited)

3. INVESTMENTS AND INVESTMENT LIABILITIES

The CPP Investment Board manages the following types of investments and investment liabilities:

- (a) Equities
- (i) Public equity investments are made directly or through funds. As at December 31, 2011, public equities include fund investments with a fair value of \$2,551 million (March 31, 2011 \$2,665 million; December 31, 2010 \$2,493 million).
- (ii) Private equity investments are generally made directly or through ownership in limited partnership arrangements which have a typical term of 10 years. The private equity investments represent equity ownerships or investments with the risk and return characteristics of equity. As at December 31, 2011, private equities include direct investments with a fair value of \$6,360 million (March 31, 2011 \$5,565 million; December 31, 2010 \$5,006 million).
- (b) Fixed Income
- (i) Bonds consist of non-marketable and marketable bonds.

The non-marketable bonds issued by the provinces prior to 1998 have rollover provisions attached to them by the Act which permit each issuer, at its option, to roll over the bonds on maturity for a further 20-year term at a rate based on capital markets borrowing rates for that province existing at the time of rollover. The non-marketable bonds are also redeemable before maturity at the option of the issuers.

In lieu of exercising its statutory rollover right described in the preceding paragraph, agreements between the CPP Investment Board and the provinces permit each province to repay the bond and concurrently cause the CPP Investment Board to purchase a replacement bond or bonds in a total principal amount not exceeding the principal amount of the maturing security for a term of not less than five years and not greater than 30 years. Such replacement bonds contain rollover provisions that permit the issuer, at its option, to roll over the bond for successive terms of not less than five years and subject in all cases to the maximum 30 years outside maturity date. The replacement bonds are also redeemable before maturity at the option of the issuers.

The terms to maturity of the non-marketable and marketable bonds, not including any rollover options or accrued interest, as at December 31, 2011, are as follows:

			As	at Decem	ber :	31, 2011				As at Dece	mber 31, 2	2010
				Terms to	Mat	urity						
	Within	1 to 5		6 to 10		Over 10		Average Effective			Average Effective	;
(\$ millions)	1 Year	Years		Years		Years	Total	Yield		Total	Yield	
Non-marketable bonds												
Government of Canada	\$ 11	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 11	1.1	%	\$ 28	1.6	5 %
Canadian provincial government	1,626	1,318		5,314		15,355	23,613	3.5		21,972	4.4	ŀ
Marketable bonds												
Government of Canada	-	2,271		462		965	3,698	2.1		3,315	3.0	,
Canadian provincial government	-	1,229		1,689		2,379	5,297	3.1		3,020	4.0	,
Canadian government corporations	24	2,100		1,508		436	4,068	2.3		3,276	3.3	í
Foreign government	-	-		-		-	-	-		1,002	2.4	ļ
Corporate bonds	28	580		365		20	993	3.9		1,602	4.4	ŀ
Total	\$ 1,689	\$ 7,498	\$	9,338	\$	19,155	\$ 37,680	3.2	%	\$ 34,215	4.0) %

(ii) Other debt consists of investments in direct private debt, asset-backed securities, intellectual property, distressed mortgage funds and private debt funds. The terms to maturity of the direct private debt and asset-backed securities, as at December 31, 2011, are as follows:

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the three and nine-month periods ended December 31, 2011 (Unaudited)

			As	at Decem	ber 3	31, 2011				As	at Decemb	per 31, 201	10
				Terms to	Mat	urity							
								Average				Average	
	Within	1 to 5		6 to 10		Over 10		Effective				Effective	
(\$ millions)	1 Year	Years		Years		Years	Total	Yield			Total	Yield	
Direct private debt													
Private investments													
Leveraged loans	\$ 170	\$ 1,413	\$	782	\$	278	\$ 2,643	7.4	%	\$	2,156	6.1	%
High-yield debt	-	287		1,388		-	1,675	11.3			521	18.5	
Secured term loan	-	113		-		-	113	6.3			146	7.5	
Private real estate													
Mezzanine debt	-	253		-		337	590	7.9			-	-	
Asset-backed securities	-	24		100		-	124	1.3			14	1.8	
Total	\$ 170	\$ 2,090	\$	2,270	\$	615	\$ 5,145	8.5	%	\$	2,837	8.4	%

(c) Absolute Return Strategies

Absolute return strategies consist of investments in funds whose objective is to generate positive returns regardless of market conditions, that is, returns with a low correlation to broad market indices. The underlying securities of the funds could include, but are not limited to, equities, fixed income securities and derivatives.

(d) Inflation-Sensitive Assets

(i) The CPP Investment Board obtains exposure to real estate through direct investments in privately held real estate and real estate funds.

Private real estate investments are held by wholly-owned subsidiaries and are managed on behalf of the CPP Investment Board by investment managers primarily through co-ownership arrangements. As at December 31, 2011, the subsidiaries' share of these investments includes assets of \$17,312 million (March 31, 2011 - \$12,829 million; December 31, 2010 - \$10,720 million) and \$2,840 million of secured debt (March 31, 2011 - \$1,969 million; December 31, 2010 - \$1,482 million). The terms to maturity of the undiscounted principal repayments of the secured debt, as at December 31, 2011, are as follows:

	As at December 31, 2011												As at December 31, 2010				
Terms to Maturity																	
													Weighted				Weighted
													Average				Average
		Within		1 to 5		6 to 10	(Over 10				Fair	Interest			Fair	Interest
(\$ millions)		1 Year		Years		Years		Years		Total		Value	Rate	Total		Value	Rate
Debt on private real																	
estate properties	\$	112	\$	1,946	\$	566	\$	191	\$	2,815	\$	2,840	5.5 % \$	1,633	\$	1,482	4.7 %

Included in private real estate are investments in joint ventures. The CPP Investment Board's proportionate interest in joint ventures is summarized as follows:

Proportionate Share of Net Assets					
(\$ millions)	As at D	ecember 31, 2011	As at March 31, 2011	As at De	cember 31, 2010
Assets	\$	11,790	\$ 7,849	\$	6,142
Liabilities		(2,772)	(1,758)		(1,270)
	\$	9,018	\$ 6,091	\$	4,872

Proportionate Share of Net Income	Three-mont	ths ended D	ecember 31	Nine-month	ns ended De	ecember 31
(\$ millions)	2011		2010	2011		2010
Revenue	\$ 268	\$	140	\$ 709	\$	485
Expenses	(153)		(104)	(398)		(309)
	\$ 115	\$	36	\$ 311	\$	176

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the three and nine-month periods ended December 31, 2011 (Unaudited)

- (ii) Infrastructure investments are generally made directly, but can also occur through limited partnership arrangements that have a typical term of 10 years. As at December 31, 2011, infrastructure includes direct investments with a fair value of \$8,230 million (March 31, 2011 \$7,899 million; December 31, 2010 \$7,992 million).
- (iii) The terms to maturity of the inflation-linked bonds, as at December 31, 2011, are as follows:

			As	s at Decem	ber	31, 2011				As	at Decem	ber 31, 201	10
				Terms to	Mat	urity							
								Average				Average	
	Within	1 to 5		6 to 10		Over 10		Effective				Effective	
(\$ millions)	1 Year	Years		Years		Years	Total	Yield			Total	Yield	
Inflation-linked bonds	\$ -	\$ -	\$	154	\$	1,672	\$ 1,826	0.4	%	\$	223	1.2	%

(e) Securities Purchased under Reverse Repurchase Agreements

The terms to maturity of the securities purchased under reverse repurchase agreements, as at December 31, 2011, are as follows:

		A	As at Decemb	er (31, 2011			As at I	Decemb	er 31, 201	0
			Terms to I	Mat	urity						
							Average			Average	
	Within	1 to 5	6 to 10		Over 10		Effective			Effective	
(\$ millions)	1 Year	Years	Years		Years	Total	Yield		Total	Yield	
Securities purchased under reverse repurchase agreements	\$ -	\$ - \$	-	\$	- \$	_	- %	\$ 3	3,500	2.7	%

(f) Derivative Contracts

A derivative contract is a financial contract, the value of which is derived from the value of underlying assets, indices, interest rates, currency exchange rates or other market-based factors. Derivatives are transacted through regulated exchanges or are negotiated in over-the-counter markets.

Notional amounts of derivative contracts represent the contractual amounts to which a rate or price is applied for computing the cash flows to be exchanged. The notional amounts are used to determine the gains/losses and fair value of the contracts. They are not recorded as assets or liabilities on the Consolidated Balance Sheet. Notional amounts do not necessarily represent the amount of potential market risk or credit risk arising from a derivative contract.

The fair value of these contracts is reported as derivative receivables and derivative liabilities on the Consolidated Statement of Investment Portfolio. In the Consolidated Statement of Investment Asset Mix, the derivative contracts are allocated to the asset class to which each contract relates.

The CPP Investment Board uses derivatives to generate value-added investment returns and to limit or adjust market, credit, interest rate, currency, and other financial exposures without directly purchasing or selling the underlying instrument.

(i) The CPP Investment Board uses the following types of derivative instruments as described below:

Equity Contracts

Equity futures are standardized contracts transacted on an exchange to purchase or sell a specified quantity of an equity index, a basket of stocks, or a single stock at a predetermined price and date in the future. Futures contracts may be cash-settled or require physical delivery of the underlying asset.

Equity swaps are over-the-counter contracts in which one counterparty agrees to pay or receive from the other, cash flows based on changes in the value of an equity index, a basket of stocks, or a single stock in exchange for a return based on a fixed or floating interest rate or the return on another instrument.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the three and nine-month periods ended December 31, 2011 (Unaudited)

Variance swaps are over-the-counter contracts where cash flows are exchanged based on the realized variance of an equity index, a basket of stocks, or a single stock compared to the fixed strike level specified in the contract.

Equity options are contractual agreements where the seller (writer) gives the purchaser the right, but not the obligation, to buy or sell a specified quantity of an equity index, a basket of stocks, or a single stock at or before a specified future date at a predetermined price. The seller receives a premium from the purchaser for this right. The CPP Investment Board purchases (buys) and writes (sells) equity options. Equity options may be transacted in standardized amounts on regulated exchanges or customized in overthe-counter markets.

Written put options may require the CPP Investment Board to purchase the underlying asset at any time at a fixed date or within a fixed future period. The maximum amount payable under the terms of the written put options is equal to their notional amount.

Warrants are transacted both over-the-counter and through exchanges where the issuer gives the purchaser the right, but not the obligation, to buy a specified quantity of stock of the issuer at or before a specified future date at a predetermined price.

Foreign Exchange Contracts

Foreign exchange forwards are customized over-the-counter contracts negotiated between counterparties to either purchase or sell a specified amount of foreign currencies at a predetermined price and date in the future. These contracts result in a fixed future foreign exchange rate for a period of time.

Interest Rate Contracts

Bond futures are standardized contracts transacted on an exchange to purchase or sell a specified quantity of a bond index, a basket of bonds, or a single bond at a predetermined price and date in the future. Futures contracts may be cash-settled or require physical delivery of the underlying asset.

Interest rate futures are standardized contracts transacted on an exchange to purchase or sell a specified amount of an interest rate sensitive financial instrument at a predetermined price and date in the future. These contracts result in a fixed future interest rate for a period of time. Futures contracts may be cash-settled or require physical delivery of the underlying asset.

Interest rate forwards are customized over-the-counter contracts negotiated between counterparties to either purchase or sell a specified amount of an interest rate sensitive financial instrument at a predetermined price and date in the future. These contracts result in a fixed future interest rate for a period of time.

Bond and inflation-linked bond swaps are over-the-counter contracts in which counterparties exchange the return on a bond, inflation-linked bond or group of such instruments for the return on a fixed or floating interest rate or the return on another instrument.

Interest rate swaps are over-the-counter contracts where counterparties exchange cash flows based on different interest rates applied to a notional amount in a single currency. A typical interest rate swap would require one counterparty to pay a fixed market interest rate in exchange for a variable market interest rate on a specified notional amount. No exchange of notional amount takes place. Cross-currency interest rate swaps involve the exchange of both interest and notional amounts in two different currencies.

Credit Contracts

Credit default swaps are over-the-counter contracts that transfer the credit risk of an underlying financial instrument (referenced asset) from one counterparty to another. The CPP Investment Board purchases

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the three and nine-month periods ended December 31, 2011 (Unaudited)

(buys) and writes (sells) credit default swaps that provide protection against the decline in value of an underlying financial instrument (referenced asset) as a result of a specified credit event such as default or bankruptcy. The purchaser (buyer) pays a premium to the writer (seller) in return for payment contingent on a credit event affecting the referenced asset.

Written credit default swaps require the CPP Investment Board to compensate counterparties for the decline in value of an underlying financial instrument (referenced asset) as a result of the occurrence of a specified credit event such as default or bankruptcy. The maximum amount payable to these counterparties under these written credit default swaps is equal to their notional amount.

Commodity Contracts

Commodity futures are standardized contracts transacted on an exchange to purchase or sell a specified quantity of a commodity, such as precious metals and energy related products at a predetermined price and date in the future. Futures contracts may be cash-settled or require physical delivery of the underlying commodity.

Other Derivative Contracts

Other derivative contracts include over-the-counter derivative contracts in which two counterparties agree to exchange cash flows based on the change in the value on a combination of equities, fixed income securities or derivatives for a return based on a fixed or floating interest rate.

(ii) Derivative-related Risk

The primary risks associated with derivatives are:

Market Risk

Derivatives generate value, positive or negative, as the value of underlying assets, indices, interest rates, currency exchange rates, or other market-based factors change such that the previously contracted terms of the derivative transactions have become more or less favourable than what can be negotiated under current market conditions for contracts with the same terms and remaining period to expiry. The potential for derivatives to increase or decrease in value as a result of the foregoing factors is generally referred to as market risk.

The derivative-related market risk is a component of the total portfolio market risk which is managed through the Risk/Return Accountability Framework as described in note 8.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of a financial loss occurring as a result of the failure of a counterparty to meet its obligations to the CPP Investment Board. The maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the positive fair value of the derivative instrument and is normally a small fraction of the contract's notional amount. Negotiated over-the-counter derivatives generally present greater credit exposure than exchange-traded contracts. Credit risk on exchange-traded contracts is limited, as these transactions are executed on regulated exchanges, each of which is associated with a well-capitalized clearing house that assumes the obligation of the writer of a contract and guarantees their performance.

The CPP Investment Board limits credit risk on over-the-counter contracts through a variety of means including dealing only with authorized counterparties which meet the minimum credit rating and limiting the maximum exposures to any individual counterparty, the use of master netting agreements and collateral as discussed in note 8.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the three and nine-month periods ended December 31, 2011 (Unaudited)

(iii) The fair value of derivative contracts held is as follows:

	As	at D	ecember 31, 2011		As at March 31, 2011	As at December 31, 2010
(\$ millions)	Positive Fair Value		Negative Fair Value	Net Fair Value	Net Fair Value	Net Fair Value
Equity contracts						
Equity futures	\$ 14	\$	(57)	\$ (43)	\$ (21)	\$ (9)
Equity swaps	686		(309)	377	271	329
Variance swaps	11		(142)	(131)	8	(32)
Exchange-traded purchased options			-	-	-	-
Over-the-counter written options	-		(5)	(5)	-	(126)
Warrants	56		-	56	187	254
Total equity contracts	767		(513)	254	445	416
Foreign exchange contracts						
Forwards	345		(330)	15	(29)	64
Total foreign exchange contracts	345		(330)	15	(29)	64
Interest rate contracts						
Bond futures	11		(14)	(3)	2	21
Interest rate futures	-		-	-	-	-
Interest rate forwards	-		-	-	-	-
Bond swaps	9		-	9	(5)	(1)
Inflation-linked bond swaps	12		-	12	38	129
Interest rate swaps	39		(125)	(86)	(15)	(21)
Cross-currency interest rate swaps	18		<u>-</u>	18	14	16
Total interest rate contracts	89		(139)	(50)	34	144
Credit contracts						
Purchased credit default swaps	38		(23)	15	(15)	(18)
Written credit default swaps	5		(10)	(5)	-	1
Total credit contracts	43		(33)	10	(15)	(17)
Commodity contracts						
Commodity futures	2			2	(1)	-
Total commodity contracts	2		-	2	(1)	-
Other derivative contracts	1 1 1 1		- (4.04.5)	1	-	-
Subtotal	1,247		(1,015)	232	434	607
Less: Cash collateral received under derivative contracts	(31)		-	(31)	-	(25)
Total	\$ 1,216	\$	(1,015)	\$ 201	\$ 434 5	\$ 582

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the three and nine-month periods ended December 31, 2011 (Unaudited)

(iv) The terms to maturity of the notional amounts for derivative contracts held are as follows:

Equity futures \$ 14,618 \$ - \$ - \$ \$. \$ 14,618 \$ 10 Equity swaps 28,183 411 - 28,594 31 Variance swaps 89 918 4,300 - 5,307 5 Exchange-traded purchased options Over-the-counter written options 1,018 1,018 Warrants 22 478 72 - 572 Total equity contracts 43,930 1,807 4,372 - 50,109 47 Foreign exchange contracts Forwards 38,019 38,019 27 Total foreign exchange contracts Bond futures 15,566 38,019 27 Interest rate futures 2,342 2,342 Interest rate futures 2,342 2,342 Interest rate futures 12,466 2,342 Interest rate swaps 2,087 2,087 Inflation-linked bond swaps 2,146 2,146 33 Interest rate swaps 2,246 3,246 33 Cross-currency interest rate swaps - 133 - 133 Total interest rate swaps - 133 - 133 Total interest rate contracts 2,2439 4,988 1,454 370 29,251 15 Credit contracts Purchased credit default swaps 71 1,186 312 - 1,569 4 Written credit default swaps 71 1,186 312 - 1,569 Written credit default swaps 71 1,186 312 - 1,569 Written credit default swaps 71 1,186 312 - 1,569 Written credit default swaps 71 1,186 312 - 1,569 Written credit default swaps 71 1,186 312 - 1,569 Written credit				Dece	As at ember 31, 2	2011			Marc	As at ch 31, 2011	Dece	As at mber 31, 2010
Equity futures \$ 14,618 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 14,618 \$ 16 Equity swaps 28,183 411 - 28,594 33 Variance swaps 89 918 4,300 - 5,307 5 Exchange-traded purchased options Over-the-counter written options 1,018 - 5 - 5 - 1,018 Warrants 22 478 72 - 572 Total equity contracts 43,930 1,807 4,372 - 50,109 42 Foreign exchange contracts Forwards 38,019 - 5 - 38,019 27 Total foreign exchange contracts Bond futures 15,566 - 5 - 38,019 27 Interest rate futures 2,342 - 5 - 2,342 Interest rate futures 2,342 - 5 - 2,342 Interest rate futures 1,166 - 5 - 1,166 38 Bond swaps 2,087 - 5 - 2,087 Inflation-linked bond swaps 2,146 - 5 - 2,146 36 Inflation-linked bond swaps 298 4,988 1,321 370 6,977 22 Cross-currency interest rate ways - 133 - 133 Total interest rate contracts Credit contracts Purchased credit default swaps 71 1,186 312 - 1,569 Written credit default swaps 61 576 37 - 674 Total credit contracts 132 1,762 349 - 2,243 15 Commodity futures 1,202 - 1,162	ns)							Total		Total		Total
Equity swaps 28,183 411 - 28,594 31 Variance swaps 89 918 4,300 - 5,307 2 Exchange-traded purchased options	ontracts											
Variance swaps 89 918 4,300	futures	\$ 14,618	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 14,618	\$	10,301	\$	7,817
Exchange-traded purchased options Over-the-counter written options I,018 Warrants 1,018 Warrants 22 478 72 Total equity contracts 43,930 1,807 4,372 50,109 47 Foreign exchange contracts Forwards 38,019	swaps	28,183	411		_		_	28,594		31,613		26,542
Exchange-traded purchased options Over-the-counter written options 1,018 Warrants 22 478 72 - 572 Total equity contracts 43,930 1,807 4,372 - 50,109 47 Foreign exchange contracts Forwards 38,019 38,019 27 Total foreign exchange contracts Bond futures 15,566 15,566 Interest rate futures 2,342 - 2,342 Interest rate futures 2,342 - 2,342 Interest rate forwards Bond swaps 2,087 2,087 Inflation-linked bond swaps 2,146 2,146 2,146 Dond swaps 3,019 1,1186 312 - 1,569 Dress-currency interest rate swaps Total interest rate contracts Contracts Purchased credit default swaps 71 1,186 312 - 1,569 Dress-currency interest rate swaps Total contracts Purchased credit default swaps 71 1,186 312 - 1,569 Dress-currency interest rate swaps Total contracts Purchased credit default swaps 71 1,186 312 - 1,569 Dress-currency interest rate swaps Total credit default swaps 71 1,186 312 - 2,243 Dress-currency interest rate Contracts Purchased credit default swaps 71 1,186 312 - 37 - 674 Dress-currency interest rate Contracts Purchased credit default swaps 71 1,186 312 - 1,569 Dress-currency interest rate Contracts Purchased credit default swaps 71 1,186 312 - 2,243 Dress-currency interest rate Contracts Purchased credit default swaps 71 1,186 312 - 349 - 2,243 Dress-currency interest rate Commodity futures Commodity futures Commodity futures	ce swaps	89	918		4,300		_	5,307		5,077		5,261
written options 1,018 - - 1,018 Warrants 22 478 72 - 572 Total equity contracts 43,930 1,807 4,372 - 50,109 47 Foreign exchange contracts 38,019 - - - 38,019 27 Total foreign exchange contracts 38,019 - - - 38,019 27 Interest rate contracts 38,019 - - - 38,019 27 Interest rate contracts 8 38,019 - - - 38,019 27 Interest rate contracts 8 - - - 38,019 27 Interest rate futures 15,566 - - - 15,566 8 Interest rate futures 2,342 - - - 2,087 - - 2,087 - - 2,087 - - 2,087 - - 2,146 - -	ige-traded	-	-		· -		-	-		-		41
Total equity		1,018	-		-		-	1,018		-		209
Contracts	ıts	22	478		72		-	572		587		488
Foreign exchange contracts Forwards 38,019 38,019 27 Total foreign exchange contracts 38,019 38,019 27 Interest rate contracts Bond futures 15,566 1nterest rate futures 2,342 15,566 8 Interest rate forwards 2,342 Interest rate forwards 2,087 Inflation-linked bond swaps 2,087 2,146 Interest rate swaps 2,146 Interest rate swaps 298 4,988 1,321 370 6,977 2 Cross-currency interest rate swaps 133 Total interest rate contracts Purchased credit default swaps 71 1,186 312 - 1,569 Written credit default swaps 61 576 37 - 674 Total credit contracts Purchased credit default swaps 132 1,762 349 - 2,243 1 Commodity contracts Commodity futures 1,202 1,202		42.020	4.00=		4.252			5 0.400		47.570		40.250
Total foreign exchange contracts 38,019 - - - 38,019 27	exchange	43,930	1,807		4,372		-	50,109		47,578		40,358
exchange contracts 38,019 - - - 38,019 27 Interest rate contracts Bond futures 15,566 - - - 15,566 8 Interest rate futures 2,342 - - - 2,342 - Interest rate forwards - - - - 2,342 - - - 2,342 - - - 2,342 - - - 2,342 - - - 2,342 - - - 2,342 - - - 2,342 - - - 2,342 - - - 2,342 - - - - 2,087 - - - 2,087 - - - 2,087 - - - 2,146 - - - 2,146 - - - 2,146 - - - 2,146 - - - 1,33 -		38,019	-		-			38,019		27,766		26,567
Bond futures 15,566 -	ge contracts	38,019	-		-		-	38,019		27,766		26,567
Interest rate futures 2,342 2,342 Interest rate forwards 2,087 Bond swaps 2,087 2,087 Inflation-linked bond swaps 2,146 2,146 Interest rate swaps 298 4,988 1,321 370 6,977 2 Cross-currency interest rate swaps 133 - 133 Total interest rate contracts 22,439 4,988 1,454 370 29,251 15 Credit contracts Purchased credit default swaps 71 1,186 312 - 1,569 Written credit default swaps 61 576 37 - 674 Total credit contracts 132 1,762 349 - 2,243 Commodity contracts Commodity futures 1,202 1,202												
Interest rate futures 2,342 2,342 Interest rate forwards 2,087 Bond swaps 2,087 2,087 Inflation-linked bond swaps 2,146 2,146 Interest rate swaps 298 4,988 1,321 370 6,977 2 Cross-currency interest rate swaps 133 - 133 Total interest rate contracts 22,439 4,988 1,454 370 29,251 15 Credit contracts Purchased credit default swaps 71 1,186 312 - 1,569 Written credit default swaps 61 576 37 - 674 Total credit contracts 132 1,762 349 - 2,243 Commodity contracts Commodity futures 1,202 1,202	utures	15,566	_		_		_	15,566		8,847		9,389
Forwards		,	-		-		-			-		· -
Inflation-linked bond swaps 2,146 - - - 2,146 3 Interest rate swaps 298 4,988 1,321 370 6,977 2 Cross-currency interest rate swaps - - 133 - 133 Total interest rate contracts 22,439 4,988 1,454 370 29,251 15 Credit contracts Purchased credit default swaps 71 1,186 312 - 1,569 1 Written credit default swaps 61 576 37 - 674 1 Total credit contracts 132 1,762 349 - 2,243 1 Commodity contracts Commodity futures 1,202 - - - 1,202		-	-		-					-		-
Dond swaps 2,146 -	waps	2,087	-		-		-	2,087		976		981
Cross-currency interest rate swaps - - 133 - 133 Total interest rate contracts 22,439 4,988 1,454 370 29,251 15 Credit contracts Purchased credit default swaps 71 1,186 312 - 1,569 1 Written credit default swaps 61 576 37 - 674 1 Total credit contracts 132 1,762 349 - 2,243 1 Commodity contracts Commodity futures 1,202 - - - 1,202		2,146	_		-		-	2,146		3,777		3,666
Interest rate swaps	rate swaps	298	4,988		1,321		370	6,977		2,050		2,190
contracts 22,439 4,988 1,454 370 29,251 15 Credit contracts Purchased credit default swaps 71 1,186 312 - 1,569 1 Written credit default swaps 61 576 37 - 674 Total credit contracts Commodity contracts Commodity futures 1,202 - - - 1,202	st rate swaps	_	-		133		-	133		133		133
Purchased credit default swaps 71 1,186 312 - 1,569 1		22,439	4,988		1,454		370	29,251		15,783		16,359
Written credit default swaps 61 576 37 - 674	ontracts											
default swaps 61 576 37 - 674 Total credit contracts contracts 132 1,762 349 - 2,243 1 Commodity contracts Commodity futures 1,202 - - - 1,202		71	1,186		312		-	1,569		1,068		1,290
Total credit contracts 132 1,762 349 - 2,243 Commodity contracts Commodity futures 1,202 1,202		61	576		37		_	674		186		368
Commodity contracts Commodity futures 1,202 1,202												
	dity	132	1,762		349		-	2,243		1,254		1,658
	odity futures	1,202			_		-	1,202		108		22
contracts 1,202 1,202	mmodity s	,	-		-		-			108		22
Other derivative contracts 254 254		254	_				_	254		19		_
		\$	\$ 8,557	\$	6,175	\$	370	\$	\$	92,508	\$	84,964

(g) Securities Sold Short

As at December 31, 2011, securities sold short of \$2,621 million (March 31, 2011 - \$nil; December 31, 2010 - \$nil) are considered repayable within one year based on the earliest period in which the counterparty could request payment under certain conditions. The securities sold short have a weighted average interest rate of 0.25% (March 31, 2011 - nil%; December 31, 2010 - nil%).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the three and nine-month periods ended December 31, 2011 (Unaudited)

(h) Debt Financing Liabilities

The terms to maturity of the undiscounted principal repayments of the debt financing liabilities as at December 31, 2011, are as follows:

			As at Dece	mber 3	1, 2011			As at Dece	mber 31, 2	010		
			Terms t	to Matu	rity							
Weighted												
							Average			Average		
	Within	1 to 3	4 to 6			Fair	Interest		Fair	Interest		
(\$ millions)	1 Month	Months	Months		Total	Value	Rate	Total	Value	Rate		
Commercial paper payable	\$ 890	\$ 545	\$ -	\$	1,435 \$	1,434	1.1 % \$	1,304 \$	1,302	1.1 %		

(i) Collateral

Collateral transactions are conducted under the terms and conditions that are common and customary to collateral arrangements. The net fair value of collateral held and pledged is as follows:

(\$ millions)	As at Dec	cember 31, 2011	As at Ma	arch 31, 2011	As at E	December 31, 2010
Fixed income securities held as collateral on reverse repurchase agreements ¹	\$	-	\$	2,561	\$	3,587
Cash pledged as collateral on securities sold short		(32)		-		-
Securities pledged as collateral on securities sold short		(3,427)		-		-
Securities held as collateral on over-the- counter derivative transactions ¹		123		135		161
Cash received as collateral on over-the- counter derivative transactions		31		-		25
Securities pledged as collateral on over-the- counter derivative transactions		-		-		(43)
Securities pledged as collateral on guarantees (see note 10)		(132)		(132)		(70)
Total	\$	(3,437)	\$	2,564	\$	3,660

¹ The fair value of the collateral held that may be sold or repledged as at December 31, 2011 is \$123 million (March 31, 2011 - \$2,588 million; December 31, 2010 - \$3,595 million). The fair value of securities collateral sold or repledged as at December 31, 2011 is \$nil (March 31, 2011 - \$nil; December 31, 2010 - \$nil).

4. CREDIT FACILITIES

The CPP Investment Board maintains \$1.5 billion (March 31, 2011 - \$1.5 billion; December 31, 2010 - \$1.5 billion) of unsecured credit facilities to meet potential liquidity requirements. As at December 31, 2011, the total amount drawn on the credit facilities is \$nil (March 31, 2011 - \$nil; December 31, 2010 - \$nil).

5. SHARE CAPITAL

The issued and authorized share capital of the CPP Investment Board is \$100 divided into 10 shares having a par value of \$10 each. The shares are owned by Her Majesty the Queen in right of Canada.

6. CANADA PENSION PLAN TRANSFERS

Pursuant to Section 108.1 of the *Canada Pension Plan*, the Act and an administrative agreement between Her Majesty the Queen in right of Canada and the CPP Investment Board, amounts not required to meet specified obligations of the CPP are transferred weekly to the CPP Investment Board. The funds originate from employer and employee contributions to the CPP.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the three and nine-month periods ended December 31, 2011 (Unaudited)

The CPP Investment Board is also responsible for providing cash management services to the CPP, including the periodic return, on at least a monthly basis, of funds required to meet CPP benefits and expenses.

The accumulated transfers from the CPP since inception are as follows:

(\$ millions)	As at De	ecember 31, 2011	As at	March 31, 2011	As at	December 31, 2010
Accumulated transfers from the Canada Pension Plan	\$	265,770	\$	243,363	\$	233,985
Accumulated transfers to the Canada Pension Plan		(155,700)		(134,958)		(129,013)
Accumulated net transfers from the Canada Pension Plan	\$	110,070	\$	108,405	\$	104,972

7. NET INVESTMENT INCOME

Net investment income is reported net of transaction costs and investment management fees, and is grouped by asset class based on the risk/return characteristics of the investment strategies of the underlying portfolios.

Net investment income, after giving effect to derivative contracts and investment receivables and liabilities, is as follows:

(\$ millions)			For the thre	e-mo	nth period ende	d De	ecember 31, 2011		
	Ir	nvestment Income ¹	Net Gain on Investments ²		Total Investment Income		Investment Management Fees	Transaction Costs	Net Investment Income
Equities Fixed income ³ Inflation-sensitive assets	\$	227 677 318	\$ 877 1,198 51	\$	1,104 1,875 369	\$	(86) (26) (16)	\$ (19) (8) (16)	\$ 999 1,841 337
Total	\$	1,222	\$ 2,126	\$	3,348	\$	(128)	\$ (43)	\$ 3,177

(\$ millions)			For the thre	e-mo	onth period ended	Dec	ember 31, 2010		
	I	Investment Income ¹	Net Gain (Loss) on Investments ²		Total Investment Income		Investment Management Fees	Transaction Costs	Net Investment Income
Equities Fixed income ³ Inflation-sensitive assets	\$	318 441 305	\$ 3,347 (148) (59)	\$	3,665 293 246	\$	(74) (26) (35)	\$ (15) (12) (41)	\$ 3,576 255 170
Total	\$	1,064	\$ 3,140	\$	4,204	\$	(135)	\$ (68)	\$ 4,001

(\$ millions)	For the nine-month period ended December 31, 2011													
						Total						Net		
	In	nvestment Income ¹		Net Gain (Loss) on Investments ²		Investment Income (Loss)		Investment Management Fees		Transaction Costs		Investment Income (Loss)		
Equities Fixed income ³ Inflation-sensitive assets	\$	1,065 1,871 1,021	\$	(4,822) 3,464 1,255	\$	(3,757) 5,335 2,276	\$	(255) (105) (52)	\$	(46) (28) (96)	\$	(4,058) 5,202 2,128		
Total	\$	3,957	\$	(103)	\$	3,854	\$	(412)	\$	(170)	\$	3,272		

(\$ millions)			For the	e nine	-month period er	nded	December 31, 201	0		
			Net		Total		Investment			Net
	I	nvestment	Gain on		Investment		Management		Transaction	Investment
		Income ¹	Investments ²		Income		Fees		Costs	Income
Equities	\$	1,032	\$ 5,620	\$	6,652	\$	(218)	\$	(35)	\$ 6,399
Fixed income ³		1,313	1,875		3,188		(72)		(33)	3,083
Inflation-sensitive assets		733	709		1,442		(65)		(83)	1,294
Total	\$	3,078	\$ 8,204	\$	11,282	\$	(355)	\$	(151)	\$ 10,776

¹ Includes interest income, dividends, private real estate operating income (net of interest expense), interest expense on the debt financing liabilities, and other investment-related income and expenses.

³ Includes absolute return strategies.

² Includes realized gains and losses from investments, and unrealized gains and losses on investments held at the end of the period.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements For the three and nine-month periods ended December 31, 2011 (Unaudited)

8. INVESTMENT RISK MANAGEMENT

The CPP Investment Board is exposed to a variety of financial risks as a result of its investment activities. These risks include market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The CPP Investment Board manages and mitigates financial risks through the Risk/Return Accountability Framework that is contained within the investment policies approved by the board of directors at least once every fiscal year. This framework contains risk limits and risk management provisions that govern investment decisions and has been designed to achieve the mandate of the CPP Investment Board which is to invest its assets with a view to achieving a maximum rate of return, without undue risk of loss, having regard to the factors that may affect the funding of the CPP and the ability of the CPP to meet its financial obligations on any given business day.

Included within the Risk/Return Accountability Framework is an active risk limit which represents a limit on the amount of investment risk that the CPP Investment Board can take relative to the CPP Reference Portfolio. The CPP Reference Portfolio is approved by the board of directors and serves as a performance benchmark against which the CPP Investment Board's value-added activities are measured. It represents a low-cost strategic alternative to the CPP Investment Portfolio. The objective of the CPP Investment Board is to create value-added investment returns greater than the returns that would be generated by the CPP Reference Portfolio. The CPP Investment Board monitors the active risk in the CPP Investment Portfolio daily and reports active risk exposures to the board of directors on at least a quarterly basis. Financial risk management is discussed in greater detail on page 29 in the Risk/Return Accountability Framework section of Management's Discussion and Analysis in the 2011 annual report.

(i) *Market Risk:* Market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk) is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an investment or investment liability will fluctuate because of changes in market prices and rates. As discussed previously, the CPP Investment Board manages market risk through the Risk/Return Accountability Framework. This includes investing across a wide spectrum of asset classes and investment strategies to earn a diversified risk premium at the total fund level, based on risk limits established in the investment policies. In addition, derivatives are used, where appropriate, to manage certain market risk exposures. Market risk is comprised of the following:

Currency Risk: The CPP Investment Board is exposed to currency risk through holdings of investments or investment liabilities in various currencies. Fluctuations in the relative value of foreign currencies against the Canadian dollar can result in a positive or negative effect on the fair value or future cash flows of these investments and investment liabilities.

In Canadian dollars, the net underlying currency exposures, after allocating foreign currency derivatives, are as follows:

(\$ millions)	As at Decemb	er 31, 2011		As at Marcl	h 31, 2011		As at December 31, 2010				
Currency	Net Exposure	% of Total		Net Exposure	% of Total			Net Exposure	% of Total		
United States Dollar	\$ 46,713	56	%	\$ 42,419	54	%	\$	40,757	55	%	
Euro	13,415	16		12,005	15			12,079	16		
British Pound Sterling	8,543	10		7,689	10			6,931	9		
Japanese Yen	4,562	5		4,173	5			4,475	6		
Australian Dollar	4,235	5		4,743	6			4,023	5		
Hong Kong Dollar	1,628	2		1,576	2			1,489	2		
Swiss Franc	497	1		834	1			839	1		
Other	4,334	5		5,382	7			4,246	6		
Total	\$ 83,927	100	%	\$ 78,821	100	%	\$	74,839	100	%	

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the three and nine-month periods ended December 31, 2011 (Unaudited)

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an investment will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The CPP Investment Board's interest-bearing investments are exposed to interest rate risk.

Other Price Risk: Other price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an investment will fluctuate because of changes in market prices arising primarily from equity price risk, commodity price risk and credit spread risk, whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual investment or factors affecting all securities traded in the market.

In addition to the above, the CPP Investment Board is indirectly exposed to market risk on the underlying securities of fund investments.

Value at Risk

CPP Investment Board uses a Value at Risk ("VaR") methodology to monitor market risk exposure and credit risk exposure (see note 8(ii)) in the CPP Investment Portfolio. VaR is a statistical technique that is used to estimate the potential loss in value of an investment as a result of movements in market rates and prices over a specified time period and for a specified confidence level.

VaR is valid under normal market conditions and does not specifically consider losses arising from severe market events. It also assumes that historical market data is a sound basis for estimating potential future losses. If future market conditions and interrelationships of interest rates, foreign exchange rates and other market prices differ significantly from those of the past, then the actual losses could materially differ from those estimated. The VaR measure provides an estimate of a single value in a distribution of potential losses that the CPP Investment Portfolio could experience. It is not an estimate of the worst-case scenario.

Market VaR calculated by the CPP Investment Board is estimated using a historical simulation method, evaluated at a 90% confidence level and scaled to a one-year holding period. The significant assumption used in this method is the incorporation of the most recent 10 years of weekly market returns.

Credit VaR is estimated using a Monte Carlo simulation incorporating a one-year investment horizon. Significant assumptions under this method include using the most recent two-years' market factor indices to determine ratings based correlations between defaults and downgrades of credit exposures, and using empirically derived ratings transition and default rates. In order to estimate Credit VaR, a sufficient number of scenarios are generated to simulate the low probability credit events that materially impact the value distribution.

Under the historical and Monte Carlo simulation methods for estimating VaR, it is also assumed that the public market proxies used to represent investment returns on those investments valued with inputs that are based on non-observable market data (e.g. those for private real estate and private equities) are reasonable for estimating their contribution to the VaR.

Market and Credit VaR are estimated at the same confidence level and are combined using an appropriate positive correlation approved by the Investment Planning Committee ("IPC") to provide an Integrated Active Risk number.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the three and nine-month periods ended December 31, 2011 (Unaudited)

The CPP Investment Board monitors the active risk of the CPP Investment Portfolio relative to the CPP Reference Portfolio. VaR, at a 90% confidence level, indicates that one year in 10 the portfolio can be expected to lose at least the following amounts:

	As at Dece	mber 31, 2011		As at March 31, 2011					As at December 31, 2010				
(\$ millions)	VaR	% of CPP Investment Portfolio ¹			% of CP Investmen VaR Portfolio				VaR	% of CPP Investment Portfolio ¹			
CPP Reference Portfolio CPP Investment Portfolio	\$ 14,425	9.6	%	\$	14,612	9.9	%	\$	14,074	10.1	%		
Active Market Risk	\$ 3,299	2.2	%	\$	2,835	1.9	%	\$	2,815	2.0	%		
CPP Investment Portfolio ² CPP Investment Portfolio	\$ 16,611	11.0	%	\$	16,400	11.1	%	\$	15,479	11.1	%		
Credit VaR CPP Investment Portfolio Integrated Active Market &	\$ 394	0.3	%	\$	415	0.3	%	\$	375	0.3	%		
Credit VaR ³	\$ 3,379	2.2	%	\$	2,946	2.0	%	\$	2,913	2.1	%		

¹ Excludes certain assets where the market risk exposure is not monitored using VaR, such as the assets of the Cash for Benefits Portfolio which is a separately managed short-term cash management program designed to facilitate monthly benefit payments by the CPP.

(ii) *Credit Risk:* Credit risk is the risk of financial loss due to a counterparty failing to meet its contractual obligations, or a reduction in the value of the assets due to a decline in the credit quality of the borrower, counterparty, guarantor or the assets (collateral) supporting the credit exposure. The CPP Investment Board's most significant exposure to credit risk is through its investment in debt securities and over-the-counter derivatives (as discussed in note 3f). The carrying amounts of these investments as presented in the Consolidated Statement of Investment Portfolio represent the maximum credit risk exposure at the balance sheet date.

The Credit Committee, a sub-committee of the IPC, which is chaired by the Chief Operations Officer, is accountable for ensuring that credit risks and credit exposures are identified, measured and monitored regularly, independently of the investment departments, and communicated at least monthly to the IPC and at least quarterly to the board of directors. The IPC, chaired by the Chief Investment Strategist, is accountable for monitoring and managing the total portfolio strategic risk exposures and providing strategic direction to the investment departments. The Credit Committee's primary focus is on emerging risks that may impact the credit exposures of the CPP Investment Board, including analysis of credit risks that may not be adequately captured within current credit risk models or credit exposure calculations. Such risks include correlation risk, market risk related to credit spread movements, and funding and liquidity risks from a credit point of view. Credit risk measurement and reporting are performed by experienced risk managers within the Investment Risk group ("IR"). IR monitors board approved exposure limits, provides detailed analysis of single-name and sector exposures, and oversees the credit risk inherent in certain fund investments. Credit VaR is the common measure of credit risk across all investment strategies. IR works closely with the investment departments to provide an evaluation of the credit risk created by significant transactions. Detailed reports of credit risk and counterparty exposures are provided weekly to management, monthly to members of the IPC, and on a regular basis to the Credit Committee.

The CPP Investment Board manages credit risk by setting overall credit exposure limits within categories that include credit rating, region, and financial institution. The board of directors approves the credit exposure limits at least once every fiscal year. Counterparties are assigned a credit rating as determined by recognized credit rating agencies, where available, and/or as determined through an internal credit rating process. Where the internal credit rating is lower than the rating determined by a recognized credit rating agency, the internal credit rating will prevail. Credit exposure to any single counterparty is limited

² CPP Investment Portfolio VaR is less than the sum of the CPP Reference Portfolio VaR and CPP Investment Portfolio Active Market Risk due to the beneficial impact of risk diversification.

³ Market and Credit VaR are combined using an assumed positive correlation under normal market conditions.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the three and nine-month periods ended December 31, 2011 (Unaudited)

to a maximum amount as specified in the investment policies. The Credit Committee has also established single-name sub-limits within the credit exposure limits to mitigate risks arising from concentrated exposures to financial institution counterparties. IR measures and monitors credit exposure daily for compliance to approved credit limits and reports to the IPC at least monthly, or more frequently as necessary, and on a regular basis to the Credit Committee.

The fair value of debt securities and over-the-counter derivatives exposed to credit risk, by credit rating category and without taking account of any collateral held or other credit enhancements as are as follows:

	As at December 31, 2011										Marc	As at h 31, 2011	As at December 31, 2010		
(\$ millions)					Decen	ibei	31, 2011					wiaic	11 51, 2011	Dece	111001 31, 2010
Credit	12		Money Market		Reverse Repurchase		Over- -Counter		0.2 13		% of				
Rating	Bonds ^{1,2}	Se	curities ¹	Ag	reements ^{1,4}	De	erivatives		Other ^{1,3}	Total	Total		Total		Total
AAA/R-1 (high) AA/R-1	\$ 12,124	\$	11,441	\$	-	\$	259	\$	-	\$ 23,824	37 %	\$	28,696	\$	28,017
(mid) A/R-1	20,989		5,149		-		443		124	26,705	41		20,291		19,322
(low) BBB/R-2	5,908		1,830		-		452		-	8,190	13		8,052		6,520
(low)	498		-		-		10		708	1,216	2		810		835
BB/R-3	330		-		-				1,640	1,970	3		1,192		1,342
B/R-4	16		-		-		-		2,591	2,607	4		1,880		1,611
CCC	-		-		-		-		166	166	-		98		-
Total	\$ 39,865	\$	18,420	\$	-	\$	1,164	\$	5,229	\$ 64,678	100 %	\$	61,019	\$	57,647

¹ Includes accrued interest.

Credit risk exposure on over-the-counter derivatives is mitigated through the use of master netting agreements and collateral within International Swaps and Derivatives Association ("ISDA") Master Agreements. Master netting agreements are entered into with all counterparties so that, if an event of default occurs, all amounts with the counterparty are terminated and settled on a net basis. Credit support annexes are negotiated with certain counterparties and require that collateral, in the form of cash or fixed income securities, be provided to the CPP Investment Board when the positive fair value of the derivative contract exceeds certain threshold amounts. As at December 31, 2011, master netting agreements and collateral held reduced the credit risk exposure to over-the-counter derivatives from \$1,164 million to \$347 million (March 31, 2011 - \$915 million to \$326 million; December 31, 2010 - \$992 million to \$426 million).

In addition to the above, the CPP Investment Board is indirectly exposed to credit risk on the underlying securities of fund investments.

(iii) *Liquidity Risk:* Liquidity risk is the risk of being unable to generate sufficient cash or its equivalent in a timely and cost-effective manner to meet investment commitments and investment liabilities as they come due. The CPP Investment Board mitigates liquidity risk through its unsecured credit facilities (see note 4) available in the amount of \$1.5 billion (March 31, 2011 - \$1.5 billion; December 31, 2010 - \$1.5 billion) and the ability to readily dispose of certain investments that are traded in an active market. These include a liquid portfolio of publicly-traded equities, money market securities, marketable bonds and inflation-linked bonds.

The CPP Investment Board is also exposed to liquidity risk through its responsibility for providing cash management services to the CPP (see note 6). In order to manage liquidity risk associated with this short-term cash management program, certain assets are segregated and managed separately. Liquidity

² Includes inflation-linked bonds.

³ Includes direct investments in private debt and asset-backed securities.

⁴ As at December 31, 2011 fixed income securities with a fair value of \$nil (March 31, 2011 - \$2,561 million; December 31, 2010 - \$3,587 million) and a AAA credit rating were held as collateral which mitigates the credit risk exposure on the reverse repurchase agreements (see note 3i).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the three and nine-month periods ended December 31, 2011 (Unaudited)

risk is also managed by investing these assets in liquid money market instruments with the primary objective of ensuring the CPP has the necessary liquidity to meet benefit payment obligations on any business day.

9. COMMITMENTS

The CPP Investment Board has entered into commitments related to the funding of investments. These commitments are generally payable on demand based on the funding needs of the investment subject to the terms and conditions of each agreement. As at December 31, 2011, the commitments total \$15.4 billion (March 31, 2011 - \$16.3 billion; December 31, 2010 - \$16.8 billion).

As at December 31, 2011, the CPP Investment Board has made lease and other commitments of \$137.0 million (March 31, 2011 - \$37.7 million; December 31, 2010 - \$42.3 million) that will be paid over the next 13 years.

10. GUARANTEES AND INDEMNIFICATIONS

Guarantees

As part of certain investment transactions, the CPP Investment Board has agreed to guarantee, as at December 31, 2011, up to \$0.6 billion (March 31, 2011 - \$0.6 billion; December 31, 2010 - \$0.5 billion) to other counterparties in the event certain subsidiaries and other entities default under the terms of loan and other related agreements.

Indemnifications

The CPP Investment Board provides indemnifications to its officers, directors, certain others and, in certain circumstances, to various counterparties and other entities. The CPP Investment Board may be required to compensate these indemnified parties for costs incurred as a result of various contingencies such as changes in laws and regulations and litigation claims. The contingent nature of these indemnification agreements prevents the CPP Investment Board from making a reasonable estimate of the maximum potential payments the CPP Investment Board could be required to make. To date, the CPP Investment Board has not received any claims nor made any payments pursuant to such indemnifications.